

ANZDATA Registry New Data Collection

ANZSN ASM 2020 - ANZDATA Session

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Clinical quality registries (ANZDATA) collect and analyse clinical data to identify benchmarks for clinical performance and related variation in clinical outcomes

Systematic collection of identical 'minimum data sets' using identical definitions, collected in the same way and at the same time in relation to a treatment and outcome



Data collected by **clinicians**, **nurses**, allied health professionals, patients and their carers, or from linkage with other data sources (secondary data)



Electronic data input should replace paper based collection, over time





Introducing new data elements 12020

Dialysis Level

Self-care

Treatment Codes

- Community House Haemodialysis
- Withdrawal From Dialysis

Cause of Graft Failure

Chronic Allograft Nephropathy categorisations

Graft Rejection Types

 Rejection subtypes including additional diagnostic parameters





Community House Haemodialysis

is defined as a "sub-modality" of haemodialysis that enables patients/carer to undertake haemodialysis, independent of nursing or medical supervision, in a shared house or community facility.

E APD / IPD M CAPD

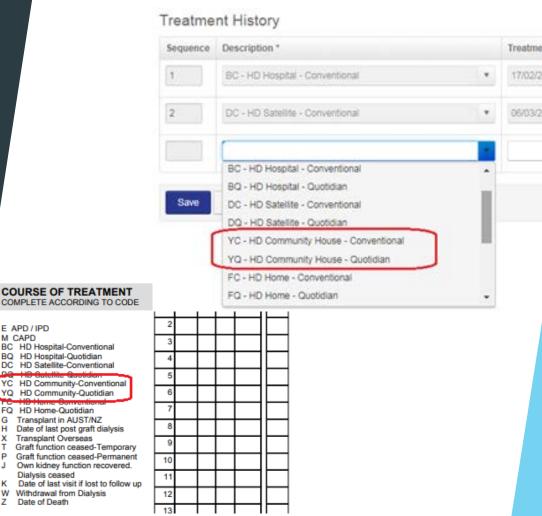
BQ HD Hospital-Quotidian

YQ HD Community-Quotidian

Transplant Overseas

Withdrawal from Dialysis

FQ HD Home-Quotidian Transplant in AUST/NZ





Withdrawal from Dialysis

defined as the intentional and long-term cessation of dialysis treatment by a patient in the context of a change to a conservative (palliative) treatment pathway. This is captured as the 'Date of Last Dialysis'.

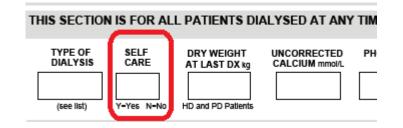
Treatment History Sequence Description * Treatmen BC - HD Hospital - Conventional DC - HD Satellite - Conventional J - Own Kidney Function Recovered K - Date of Last Visit if Lost to Follow Up W - Withdrawal from Dialysis COURSE OF TREATME! COMPLETE ACCORDING TO CODE E APD / IPD BC HD Hospital-Conventional HD Hospital-Quotidian HD Satellite-Conventional HD Satellite-Quotidian HD Community-Conventional HD Community-Quotidian HD Home-Conventional FQ HD Home-Quotidian Transplant in AUST/NZ Date of last post graft dialysis Transplant Overseas Graft function ceased-Temporary Graft function ceased-Permanent 10 Own kidney function recovered. Dialysis ceased Withdrawal from Dialysis



Self-care

defined as dialysis performed by the patient with minimal assistance from a health care professional. Selfcare enables patients to perform dialysis procedures independent of nursing or medical assistance in any type of facility or community setting.







Chronic Allograph Nephropathy (CAN)

- Chronic Antibody MediatedRejection Code 41
- Interstitial Fibrosis/Tubular Atrophy (Biopsy Proven) -Code 42
- Gradual Graft Failure (Not Biopsy Proven) -Code 43

ANZDATA Annual Report - Chapter 7 - Table 7.12 Graft Losses 2015-2019

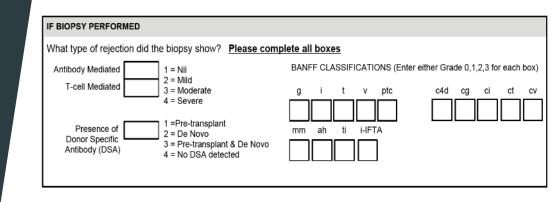
Country	Cause of graft failure	First year	> First year	Total
Australia	Acute rejection	24 (17%)	49 (4%)	73 (5%)
	Chronic Allograft Nephropathy	9 (6%)	780 (63%)	789 (57%)
	Hyperacute rejection	3 (2%)	-	3 (<1%)
	Vascular	37 (26%)	16 (1%)	53 (4%)
	Technical	17 (12%)	4 (<1%)	21 (2%)
	Glomerulonephritis	5 (3%)	79 (6%)	84 (6%)
	Non-compliance	3 (2%)	49 (4%)	52 (4%)
	Other	41 (29%)	165 (13%)	206 (15%)
	Not reported	4 (3%)	106 (8%)	110 (8%)
	Total	143 (100%)	1248 (100%)	1391 (100%)
	Total Acute rejection	143 (100%) 1 (5%)	1248 (100%) 12 (7%)	1391 (100%) 13 (7%)
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(Acute rejection	1 (5%)	12 (7%)	13 (7%)
(Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy	1 (5%) 1 (5%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%)
New Zealand	Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy Vascular	1 (5%) 1 (5%) 5 (25%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%) 1 (1%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%) 6 (3%)
	Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy Vascular Technical	1 (5%) 1 (5%) 5 (25%) 3 (15%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%) 1 (1%) 1 (1%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%) 6 (3%) 4 (2%)
	Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy Vascular Technical Glomerulonephritis	1 (5%) 1 (5%) 5 (25%) 3 (15%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%) 1 (1%) 1 (1%) 1 (1%) 10 (6%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%) 6 (3%) 4 (2%) 13 (7%)
	Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy Vascular Technical Glomerulonephritis Non-compliance	1 (5%) 1 (5%) 5 (25%) 3 (15%) 3 (15%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%) 1 (1%) 1 (1%) 10 (6%) 8 (4%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%) 6 (3%) 4 (2%) 13 (7%) 8 (4%)
	Acute rejection Chronic Allograft Nephropathy Vascular Technical Glomerulonephritis Non-compliance Other	1 (5%) 1 (5%) 5 (25%) 3 (15%) 3 (15%) 6 (30%)	12 (7%) 113 (63%) 1 (1%) 1 (1%) 10 (6%) 8 (4%) 19 (11%)	13 (7%) 114 (58%) 6 (3%) 4 (2%) 13 (7%) 8 (4%) 25 (13%)

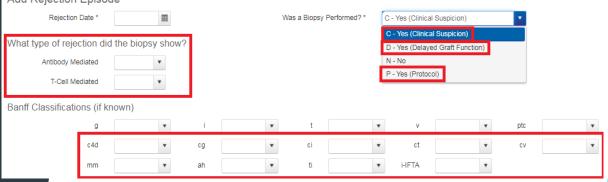


Rejection subtypes and Banff parameters

More precise classification has been introduced with addition of further Banff classification variables and categorisation of the type of rejection.

Add Rejection Episode







Data Elements Added 2019

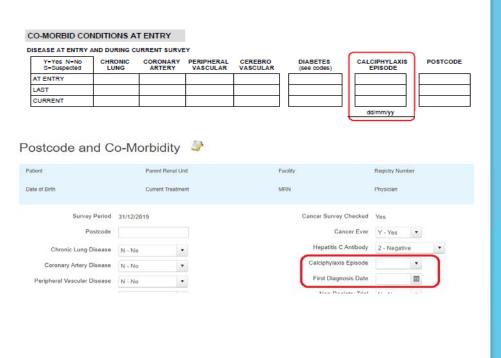
- Ethnicity (1&2)
- Calciphylaxis Episodes
- ► HDF Substitution Volume (HD)
- ▶ 24 Hour Residual Urine Volume (PD)
- ► Transplant Anastomoses
- Pregnancy data



Calciphylaxis Episodes

- 73 patients with a diagnosed episode during 2019
- median time on RRT to first diagnosis date 3.3 years

Modality	2019 (n)
HD	50
PD	19
Tx	3
Prior to RRT start	1





HD - HDF Substitution Volume

 Of 4,357 pts reported to be on HDF at the end of 2019, 88% reported a volume

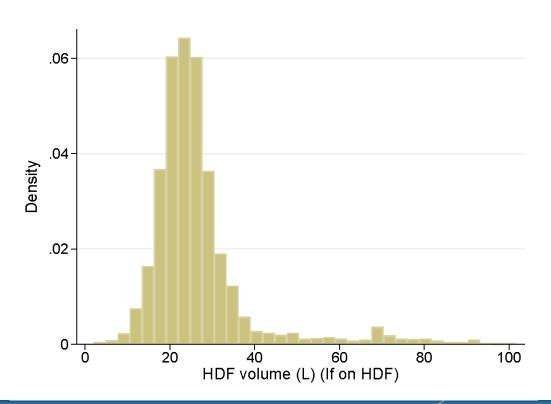




Country	On HDF	Reported	Median
Australia	3,965	3,516 (89%)	23.9
New Zealand	392	316 (81%)	27.0



HD - HDF Substitution Volume





HD - HDF Substitution Volume





PD - 24 hour Residual Urine Volume

- 1,597 (49%) reported a residual urine volume
- with a median volume of 786mL /24 hrs



Country	On PD	Reported	Median Volume
Australia	2,387	1,400 (59%)	650mL /24h
New Zealand	868	197 (23%)	800mL /24h











